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SECTION 01 57 13

EROSION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 EXPECTED MATERIALS (including but not limited to):

- A. Straw Wattles: Shall be new manufactured straw rolls in compliance with state requirements for sediment control.
- A. Filter Bag: Shall be as required by local jurisdiction.
- B. Tarps and covering: Shall be of durable quality free of holes and defects and properly secured to prevent wind disturbance. Tarps over active storage piles need not be secured at all times, but shall be fully secured at end of days work until active the next day.
- C. Spill containment / Washout areas: Contractor to provide spill containment materials and systems

SECTION 02 41 00

SITE DEMOLITION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. RELATED SECTIONS

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.
2. Section 01 50 00 - Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls.
3. Section 01 50 13 - Construction Waste Management and Disposal.
4. Section 31 00 00 - Earthwork.
5. Section 31 13 16 - Tree Protection.

1.02 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to applicable jurisdictional authority regulations and codes for disposal of debris.
- B. Coordinate clearing Work with utility companies
- C. Maintain emergency access ways at all times.
- D. Contractor shall comply with all applicable laws and ordinances regarding hazardous materials, including contaminated soils, hazardous material transformers, and similar materials or components.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Schedule: Submit a detailed sequence of demolition and removal work, including dates for shutoff, capping, and continuance of utility services.
- B. Procedures: Submit written procedures documenting the proposed methods to be used to control dust and noise.

1.04 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. Contractor shall acquaint himself with all site conditions. If unknown active utilities are encountered during work, notify Architect promptly for instructions. Failure to notify will make Contractor liable for damage to these utilities arising from Contractor's operations subsequent to discovery of such unknown active utilities.
- B. Conduct demolition to minimize interference with adjacent structures or items to remain. Maintain protected egress and access at all times.

1.05 PROTECTION

- A. Adequate protection measures shall be provided to protect workmen and passers-by on and off the site. Adjacent property shall be fully protected throughout the operations. Blasting will not be permitted. Prevent damage to adjoining improvements and properties both above and below grade. Restore such improvements to original condition should damage occur. Replace trees and shrubs outside building area disturbed by operations.
- B. In accordance with generally accepted construction practices, the Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for working conditions at the job site, including safety of all persons and property during performance of the work. This requirement shall apply continuously and shall not be limited to normal working hours.
- C. Safety Precautio





E. Coordinate the time and duration of all system disconnects with Owner.

### 3.03 DEMOLITION

#### A. General Requirements

1. Clear areas required for access to site and execution of Work, including pavements, structures, foundations, vegetation, trash and debris.
2. Coordinate with Owner the time of day and route to remove demolished materials from premises.
3. Remove demolished materials from site as work progresses. Upon completion of work, leave areas of work in clean condition.
4. Remove all buried debris, rubble, trash, or other material not deemed suitable by the Geotechnical Engineer.
5. Fill all voids or excavations resulting from clearing, demolition, or removal of vegetation with specified fill material.

#### B. Fixture and Equipment Removal:

1. Remove existing fixtures and equipment as identified and shown on drawings and required by Architect.
2. Verify all service connections to fixtures and equipment designated for removal have been properly disconnected.
3. Remove all conductors from conduit at all abandoned circuits.



8. Selected equipment of such sizes and capacities that the existing environment is disturbed as little as possible, and to afford ease of mobility within limited and relatively confined work

SECTION 08 71 00

DOOR HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes items known commercially as finish or door hardware that are required for swing, sliding, and folding doors, except special types of unique hardware specified in the same sections as the doors and door frames on which they are installed.
- B. This Section includes the following, but is not necessarily limited to:
  - 1. Door Hardware, including electric hardware.
  - 2. Storefront and Entrance door hardware.
  - 3. Gate Hardware.
  - 4. Digital keypad access control devices.
  - 5. Thresholds, gasketing and weather-stripping.
  - 6. Door silencers or mutes.
- C. Related Sections:

1. NFPA 80 – Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives

- c. Hand of door(s)
  - d. Door and frame dimensions and door thickness.
  - e. Label requirements if any.
  - f. Door by frame material.
  - g. (Optional) Hardware item line #.
  - h. Keyset Symbol.
  - i. Quantity.
  - j. Product description.
  - k. Product Number.
  - l. Fastenings and other pertinent information.
  - m. Hardware finish codes per ANSI A156.18.
  - n. Manufacture abbreviation.
- D. Make substitution requests in accordance with Division 1. Substitution requests must be made prior to bid date. Include product data and indicate benefit to the project. Furnish samples of any proposed substitution.
- E. Wiring Diagrams: Provide product data and wiring and riser diagrams for all electrical products listed in the Hardware Schedule portion of this section.
- F. Keying Schedule: Submit separate detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final instructions on keying of locks has been fulfilled.
- G. Templates for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for the installation of door hardware. Check shop drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- H. Furnish as-built/as-installed schedule with close-out documents, including keying schedule and transcript, wiring/riser diagrams, manufacturers' installation and adjustment and maintenance information.
- I. Fire Door Assembly Testing: Submit a written record of each fire door assembly to the Owner to be made available to the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) for future building inspections.
- J. LEED Certification Points: Submit information and certifications necessary to achieve maximum points for LEED certification; coordinate and cooperate with Owner and Architect in providing information necessary for required LEED rating.

#### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Obtain each type of hardware (latch and lock sets, hinges, closers, exit devices, etc.) from a single manufacturer.
- B. Supplier Qualifications: A recognized architectural door hardware supplier, with warehousing facilities in the project's vicinity, that has a record of successful in-service performance for supplying door hardware similar in quantity, type, and quality to that indicated for this project and that

employs an experienced architectural hardware consultant (AHC) who is available to Owner, Architect, and Contractor, at reasonable times during the course of the Work, for consultation.

1. Responsible for detailing, scheduling and ordering of finish hardware.

- C. Provide locked storage area for hardware, protect from moisture, sunlight, paint, chemicals, etc.
- D. Contractor to inventory door hardware jointly with representatives of hardware supplier and hardware installer until each all are satisfied that count is correct.

1.06 WARRANTY

- A. Provide warranties of respective manufacturers' regular terms of sale from day of final acceptance as follows:
  - 1. Locksets: "L" Series (3) years – "ND" Ten (10) years.
  - 2. Electronic: One (1) year.
  - 3. Closers: Thirty (30) years –1260 twenty (20) years –Concealed High Security fifteen (15) years except electronic closers shall be two (2) years.
  - 4. Exit devices: Three (3) years.
  - 5. All other hardware: Two (2) years.

1.07 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

<u>Item</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Acceptable Substitutes</u>
Hinges	Ives	Hager, Stanley, McKinney
Locks, Latches & Cylinders	Schlage	Or Approved Equal
Exit Devices	Von Duprin	Or Approved Equal
Closers	LCN	Or Approved Equal
Push, Pulls & Protection Plates	Ives	Trimco, BBW, DCI
Flush Bolts	Ives	Trimco, BBW, DCI
Dust Proof Strikes	Ives	Trimco, BBW, DCI



Coordinators	Ives	Trimco, BBW, DCI
Stops	Ives	Trimco, BBW, DCI
Overhead Stops	Glynn-Johnson	Or Approved Equal
Thresholds	Zero	Pemko, National Guard
Seals & Bottoms	Zero	Pemko, National Guard

## 2.02 MATERIALS

### A. Hinges: Ives as scheduled.

1. Ives5BB1HW x NRP (Heavy use exterior doors) 630 finish.  
Ives 5BB1HW (Interior doors) 652 finish.
2. Hinges shall be sized in accordance with the following:
  - a. Height:
    - 1) Doors up to 42" wide: 4-1/2" inches.
    - 2) Doors 43" to 48" wide: 5 inches.
  - b. Width: Sufficient to clear frame and trim when door swings 180 degrees.
  - c. Number of Hinges: Furnish 3 hinges per leaf to 7'-5" in height. Add one for each additional 2 feet in height.
3. Exterior out-swinging door butts shall be non-ferrous material and shall have stainless steel hinge pins. All doors to have non-rising pins.
4. Furnish non-removable pins (NRP) at all exterior out-swing doors and interior key lock doors with reverse bevels.

### B. Continuous Hinges: Ives as scheduled.

1. SL-224HD (Heavy use exterior doors & Remodels) 628 finish.

### C. Heavy Duty Cylindrical Locks and Latches: Schlage "ND" Series as scheduled with "Rhodes" design, fastened with through-bolts and threaded chassis hubs.

1. Bathroom (Student – multi use) ND94
2. Faculty ND94
3. Administration ND91
4. Communicating ND72VandlegardXN12-003
5. Classroom Safe School Lock 7(D94)JJ 13.5gr413W Rgsyp471( Lo)-11.00675(c)1.038r75(c)1.03ee

10. Provide cylindrical locksets exceeding the ANSI/BHMA A156.2 Grade 1 performance standards for strength, security, and durability in the categories below:
  - a. Abusive Locked Lever Torque Test – minimum 3,100 inch-pounds without gaining access
  - b. Offset lever pull – minimum 1,600-foot pounds without gaining access
  - c. Vertical lever impact – minimum 100 impacts without gaining access



bolts or disengage other devices that hold the door in a closed position. Per 11B- 404.2.8.1, door shall take at least 5 seconds to move from an open position of 90 degrees to a position of 12 degrees from the latch jamb.

F. Flush Bolts & Dust Proof Strikes: Ives as scheduled.

1. FB51 (Manual) (metal doors) (Storage & Utility rooms) 626 finish
2. FB61P (Manual) (wood doors) (Storage & Utility rooms) 626 finish
  - a. Manual flush bolts only permitted on storage or mechanical openings as scheduled.
  - b. Provide dust proof strikes at openings using bottom bolts.
  - c. Automatic flush bolts allowed only where required by Fire Code.

G. Door Stops: Ives as scheduled.

1. FS18S (Exterior Floor) 626 finish
2. FS 436/438 (Interior Floor) 626 finish
3. WS 406CVX (Wall) 626 finish
4. WS406CCV (Inswing push-button locks) 626 finish
  - a. Allow for maximum swing of doors
  - b. Backing required at wall holders
5. Unless otherwise noted in Hardware Sets, provide floor type with appropriate fasteners. Where wall type cannot be used, provide floor type. If neither can be used, provide overhead type.
6. Do not install floor stops more than four (4) inches from the face of the wall or partition (CBC Section 11B-307).
7. Overhead stops shall be made of stainless steel and non-plastic mechanisms and finished metal end caps. Field-changeable hold-open, friction and stop-only functions.

H. Door Holders: Ives as scheduled.

1. WS452-4 Series Automatic Holder (Door) 626 finish
2. FS40 Series Automatic Holder (Wall) 626 finish
  - a. Backing required at wall holders
  - b. Allow for maximum door swing

I. Protection Plates: Ives as scheduled.

1. Kick Plate: 8400-10" x 2" LDW 630 finish
2. Mop Plate: 8400-5" x 2" LDW 630 finish
3. Push / Pull Plate: 8200 x 8302-6x 4x16 630 finish
4. Lock Protector: LP-13, LP-12 626 finish
5. Fabricate either kick, armor, or mop plates with four beveled edges. Provide kick plates 10" high and 2" LDW. Sizes of armor and mop plates shall be listed in the Hardware Schedule. Furnish with machine or wood screws of bronze or stainless to match other hardware.

J. Thresholds: As Scheduled and per details.



2. A detailed keying schedule is to be prepared by the owner and/or architect in consultation with a representative of Allegion or an Authorized Key Center or Authorized Security Center. Each keyed cylinder on every keyed lock is to be listed separately showing the door #, key group (in BHMA terminology), cylinder type, finish and location on the door.
3. Establish a new master key system for this project as directed by the keying schedule.
4. Furnish all cylinders in the Schlage conventional style except the exit device and removable mullion cylinders which will be supplied in Schlage Full Size Interchangeable Core (FSIC). Pack change keys independently (PKI).
5. Furnish PrimusXP "Classic" keyway Patent Protected Schlage cylinders where noted. Furnish all other cylinders in matching conventional "Classic" keyway. Furnish Patent Protected Schlage keys for all cylinders. (e.g., Primus XP Classic Keyway for patent protected / Maximum control) (with mix of conventional "Classic" keyway)
6. Furnish construction keying for doors requiring locking during construction.
  - a. For FSIC systems provide 23-030-ICX Full Size Construction Cores
  - b. For FSIC systems provide ten 48-101-ICX Construction Keys
  - c. For FSIC systems provide two 48-056-ICX Control Keys (const.)
  - d. For FSIC systems provide two control keys for installing the permanent cores (49- 056 for "Classic" keyways, 48-052-XP for "Classic Primus") (49-003 for "Everest Conventional", 48-005-XP for "Everest Primus")

-OR-

7. Furnish construction keying for doors requiring locking during construction.
  - a. For "Split Key" Construction Cylinders (non-IC cylinders) specify "CK" for each keyed cylinder.
  - b. Provide ten Construction Keys (48-104 "Classic", 48-008 "Everest")
  - c. Provide two Extractor Tools (35-057)
8. Furnish all keys with visual key control.
  - a. Stamp key "Do Not Duplicate".
9. Furnish mechanical keys as follows:
  - a. Furnish 2 cut change keys for each different change key code.
  - b. Furnish 1 uncut key blank for each change key code.
  - c. Furnish 6 cut master keys for each different master key set.
  - d. Furnish 3 uncut key blanks for each master key set.
  - e. Furnish 2 cut control keys cut to the top master key for permanent I/C cylinders.
  - f. Furnish 1 cut control key cut to each SKD combination.
  - g. Furnish KS43D2200 padlock for use with non-I/C Schlage cylinders. Furnish 47- 413 (conventional) or 47-743-XP (PrimusXP) with above.
  - h. Furnish KS43G3200 padlock for use with FSIC Schlage cylinders. Furnish 23-030 (Classic / Everest) or 20-740 (PrimusXP) with above.
  - i. Furnish KS41D1200 padlock for use with SFIC Schlage cylinders. Furnish 80-037 (Everest-B) with above.
10. Furnish Schlage Padlocks and the cylinders to tie them into the master key system for gates, storage boxes, utility valve security, roof hatches and roll-up doors keyed as directed in the keying schedule.

- a. Furnish KS43D2200 padlock for use with non-I/C Schlage cylinders. Furnish 47- 413 (conventional) or 47-743-XP (PrimusXP) with above.
- b. Furnish KS43G3200 padlock for use with FSIC Schlage cylinders. Furnish 23-030 (Classic / Everest) or 20-740 (PrimusXP) with above.
- c. Furnish KS41D1200 padlock for use with SFIC Schlage cylinders. Furnish 80-037 (Everest-B) with above.

O. Fasteners

1. Screws for strikes, face plates and similar items shall be flat head, countersunk type, provide machine screws for metal and standard wood screws for wood.
2. Screws for butt hinges shall be flathead, countersunk, full-thread type.
3. Fastening of closer bases or closer shoes to doors shall be by means of sex bolts and spray painted to match closer finish.
4. Provide expansion anchors for attaching hardware items to concrete or masonry.
5. All exposed fasteners shall have a Phillips head.
6. Finish of exposed screws to match surface finish of hardware or other adjacent work.
7. All Exit Devices and Lock Protectors shall be fastened to the door by the means of sex bolts or through bolts.

2.04 FINISHES

- A. Generally, to be satin chrome US26D (626 on bronze and 652 on steel) unless otherwise noted.
- B. Furnish push plates, pull plates and kick or armor plates in satin stainless steel US32D (630) unless

Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). The inspection of the swinging fire doors shall be performed by a



1. Conform to CCR, Title 24, Part 2; and ADAAG; and the drawings for access-compliant positioning







SECTION 31 00 00

EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. RELATED SECTIONS

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.
2. Section 01 50 00, Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls.
3. Section 01 57 13, Erosion Control
4. Section 31 23 33, Trenching and Backfilling.
5. Section 32 12 00, Asphalt Concrete Paving.
6. Section 32 16 00, Site Concrete.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Refer to Section 01 33 00.
- B. Manufacturer's Data: Submit list and complete descriptive data of all products proposed for use. Include manufacturer's specifications, published warranty or guarantee, installation instructions, and maintenance instructions.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Use only new materials and products, unless existing materials or products are specifically shown otherwise on the Drawings to be salvaged and re-used.
- B. All materials, components, assemblies, workmanship and installation are to be observed by the Owner's Inspector of Record. Work not so inspected is subject to uncovering and replacement.
- C. The representatives of the Owner's testing lab will not act as supervisor of construction, nor will they direct construction operations. Neither the presence of the Owner's testing lab representatives nor the testing by the Owner's testing lab shall excuse the contractors or subcontractors for defects discovered in their work during or following completion of the project. Correcting of inadequate compaction or moisture content is the sole responsibility of the contractor.
- D. Tests (See Part 3 for Compaction Testing).
- E. Contractor shall be solely responsible for all subgrades built. Failures resulting from inadequate



this Section and that arrangements have been made to properly store, handle and protect such materials and work.

1.07 PROJECT CONDITIONS





- G. The site and adjacent influenced areas shall be watered as required to suppress dust nuisance. Dust control measures shall be in accordance with the local jurisdiction.

1.11 SEASONAL LIMITS

- B. Imported Engineered Fill Material: Imported fill may be required to complete work. Proposed import fill material shall meet the above requirements; shall be similar to the native soils. Import fill shall meet the above requirements; shall have plasticity index of 12 or less; an Expansion Index of 20 or less; be free of particles greater than 3-inches in largest dimension; be free of contaminants and have corrosion characteristics within the acceptable limits. All import fill material shall be tested and approved by Soils Engineer prior to transportation to the site. Proposed fill material shall comply with DTSC guidelines to include Phase 1 environmental site assessment and related tests. Refer to the October 2001 DTSC Information Advisory for clean imported fill material.
1. DTSC TESTING: Site work contractor is to coordinate testing with an analytical lab, hired by the owner, licensed by the State of California for the DTSC testing. The costs associated with the testing will be paid by the contractor.
  2. DTSC testing shall include documentation as to the previous land use, location, and history. Soils shall be analyzed for all compounds of concern to ensure the imported soil is uncontaminated and acceptable. Testing shall be performed per the recommendations included in DTSC Imported Fill Advisory [http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/Schools/upload/SMP\\_FS\\_Cleanfill-Schools.pdf](http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/Schools/upload/SMP_FS_Cleanfill-Schools.pdf)). Soils shall be

1. The top 6" of native topsoil stripped from the site may be used for landscape backfill material provided it meets the requirements as specified in Section 329000 (if provided).
2. Imported Topsoil may be required to complete work. See Section 329000 for requirements. Proposed Topsoil material shall comply with DTSC guidelines to include Phase 1 environmental site assessment and related tests. Refer to the Octobe

determined by ASTM D1557 Compaction Test method, and s



B. Selected fill material shall be moisture-conditioned to specified moisture content. Selected fill

- A. Cut slopes shall be constructed to no steeper than 2:1 (horizontal:vertical). Fill slopes shall be constructed to no steeper than 3:1 (horizontal:vertical). Prior to placement of fill on an existing slope the existing slope shall be benched. The benches shall be in a ratio of 10 horizontal to 1 vertical. The face of the fill slopes shall be compacted as the fill is placed, or the slope may be overbuilt and then cut back to the design grade. Compaction by track walking will not be allowed.

#### 3.14 FINISH GRADING

- A. At completion of project, site shall be finished graded, as indicated on Drawings. Finish grades shall be "flat graded" to grades shown on the drawing. Mounding of finish grades will not be allowed unless otherwise directed on the landscape drawings. Tolerances for finish grades in drainage swales shall be  $\pm 0.05'$ . Tie in new and existing finish grades. Leave all landscaped areas in finish condition for lawn seeding. Landscaped planters shall be graded uniformly from edge of planter to inlets. If sod is used for turf areas the finish grade on which it is placed shall be lowered to allow for sod thickness.

SECTION 31 13 16

TREE PROTECTION

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Tree protection complete as shown and as specified.

B. Related Sections:

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.
2. Section 00 00 00 – Site Demolition.
3. Section 32 80 00 – Irrigation.
4. Section 32 90 00 – LANDSCAPING.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Contractor shall submit Tree Protection Area plan to Architect outlining all trees and plants listed by number to be protected and their groupings. All trees and plants shall be grouped in their own Fenced Tree Protection Areas as shown in Drawings.
- B. Contractor shall submit to Landscape Architect in writing a schedule including any and all activity inside Fenced Tree Protection Areas. This schedule to include but not limited to the dates fences are initially installed, altered and dates of fence replacement. Intent of these provisions is that the Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) are fenced for the entire duration with only exceptions of short intervals or specifically defined construction activity needs. Revise schedule as directed by Architect.
- C. Provide a Mediation Plan to keep existing trees and planting irrigated during construction.

1.03 WARRANTY

- A. Guarantee all workmanship and materials hereunder against defective workmanship and materials, including damage by leaks and settlement of irrigation trenches, for the duration specified in Division 01 of these Specifications. (The Contractor is not responsible for vandalism or theft after date of final acceptance.)

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Use materials as specified; any deviation from the Specifications must first be approved by the



Owner's Representative in writing. All material containers or certificates shall be clearly marked by manufacturer as to contents for inspection.

B. Trunk Protection constructed of:

1. 20-foot long 2x6 wood boards or length needed to protect the trunk if tree trunk is shorter than 20'.
2. Metal wire. Gauge strong enough to tie the boards around the trunk of the tree.

C. Tree Protection Zone Fencing:

1. 4-foot-tall snow fencing or 6-foot-tall metal chain link construction fencing per the discretion of the Landscape Architect or District Representative.





SECTION 31 23 33

TRENCHING AND BACKFILLING

1.01 SUMMARY

A. RELATED SECTIONS

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.
2. Section 01 50 00, Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls.
3. Section 01 57 13, Erosion Control
4. Section 31 23 33, Trenching and Backfilling.
5. Section 32 12 00, Asphalt Concrete Paving.
6. Section 32 16 00, Site Concrete.
7. Section 32 80 00, Irrigation.
8. Section 32 90 00, Landscaping.
9. Section 33 40 00, Site Drainage.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Use only new materials and products, unless existing materials or products are specifically shown otherwise on the Drawings to be salvaged and re-used.

Bsd.





3.01 INSPECTION

A. Verification of Conditions:

1. Examine areas and conditions under which work is to be p

- A. Pipe Trench Backfill is divided into three zones:
1. Bedding: Layer of material directly under the pipe upon which the pipe is laid.
  2. Pipe Zone: Backfill from the top of the bedding to 6 inches (compacted) over the top of the pipe.
  3. Upper Zone: Backfill between top of Pipe Zone and to surface of subgrade.
- B. Bedding: Type of material and degree of compaction for bedding backfill shall be as defined in the Details and Specifications.
- C. Pipe Zone and Upper Zone Backfill:
1. Type of material and degree of compaction Pipe Zone and Upper Zone Backfill shall be as required by Drawings, Details, & Specifications.
  2. Upper Zone Backfill shall not be placed until conformance of Bedding and Pipe Zone Backfill with specified compaction test requirements has been confirmed.
  3. Backfill shall be brought up at substantially the same rate on both sides of the pipe and care shall be taken so that the pipe is not floated or displaced. Material shall not be dropped directly on pipe.
- D. Backfill Compaction:
1. Backfill shall be placed in layers which, when compacted shall not exceed 6 inches in thickness. Each layer shall be spread evenly and thoroughly mixed to insure uniformity. Do not backfill over, wet, frozen or soft subgrade surfaces. Employ a placement method that does not disturb or damage foundation walls, perimeter drainage, foundation damp-proofing, waterproofing or protective cover.
  2. When moisture content of fill material is below that required to achieve specified density, add water until proper moisture content is achieved. When moisture content is above that required, aerate by blading or other methods until specified moisture content is met, see section 310000, 3.08, B.
  3. After each layer has been placed, mixed and spread evenly, it shall be thoroughly compacted to \_\_\_% of maximum dry density while at specified moisture content. Compact each layer over its entire area until desired density has been obtained.
  4. The top \_\_\_ inches of subgrade compaction under pavement or building shall be per Earthwork section 31 00 00.
  5. Compaction: All backfill operations shall be observed by the Inspector of Record and/or Geotechnical Engineer. Field density tests shall be made to check compaction of fill material. If densities are not satisfactory, Contractor will be required to change equipment or procedure or both, as required to obtain specified densities. Notify Inspector and Architect at least 24 hours in advance of any operation.

### 3.06 TRENCH AND SITE RESTORATION

- A. Finished surface of trenches shall be restored to a condition equal to, or better than the condition as existed prior to excavation work.

### 3.07 PROTECTION



- A. Protect existing surfaces, structures, and utilities from damage. Protect work by others from damage. In the event of damage, immediately repair or replace to satisfaction of Owner.
- B. Repair existing landscaped areas to as new condition. Replant trees, shrubs or groundcover with existing materials if not damaged or with new materials if req

SECTION 32 12 00

ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. SECTION INCLUDES:

1. Asphalt paving mix designs.
2. Aggregate Base Course.
3. Asphalt Overlay.
4. Seal Coat and Striping.

B. RELATED SECTIONS

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.
2. Section 01 50 00, Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls.
3. Section 31 00 00, Earthwork.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Use only new materials and products, unless existing materials or products are specifically shown otherwise on the Drawings to be salvaged and re-used.
- B. All materials, components, assemblies, workmanship and installation are to be observed by the







2.02 MIXES

- A. General: Plant mixed conforming to State Specifications, Section 39, Type B, ½" maximum, medium grading. 3/8" maximum grading shall be used at hardcourt.

**B. Asphalt Paving:**

1. Base Course: Install in accord with State Specifications, Section 26. Compact to relative

C. Seal Coat:

1. Seal coat shall be applied no sooner than 30 days fro



templates, and other means necessary to provide required marking. Prepare and apply paint in accordance with manufacturer's instructions; paint shall be applied by spray and shall achieve complete coverage free from voids and thin spots. Where indicated on the Drawings, paint parking stall strips, lettering, arrows, accessible symbols, playfield markings, etc. on asphalt concrete paving. Paint strips shall be 4 inches wide (except otherwise indicated) and applied with two (2) coats of herein specified Traffic Line Paint; white (except as otherwise specified or indicated).

1. Paints shall be delivered to the site in unopened containers.
  - a. Paint shall not be diluted, or watered down.
  - b. Paint shall be applied in 10-12 wet mil thickness (4-6 mil dried). Each coat thickness shall be verified by the project inspector.
2. International Accessible Symbol: Symbol shall be white figures on a blue background. Blue shall be equal to PMS 293C. Lines and symbols shall be accurately formed and true to line and form; lines shall be straight and uniform in width. Painted edges shall be clean cut and free from raggedness, and corners shall be cut sharp and square. Tolerances: Apply striping within a tolerance 1/2 inch in 50 feet. Apply markings and striping to widths indicated with a tolerance of 1/4 inch on straight sections and 1/2 inch on curved sections.

F. Colors: As directed by Architect

G. Precast Concrete Bumpers: Install in location where shown, using steel rebar dowels, and epoxy.

### 3.04 DEFECTIVE ASPHALT;

Defective asphalt is as described below.

- A. Exposed rock pockets on the finished surface that lack the # 8- #200 fines that is required per the sieve analysis.
- B. Asphalt not placed to the design grades.
- C. Asphalt that ponds water.
- D. Asphalt that was compacted below the minimum required temperature and is cracked.
- E. Asphalt that fails to meet the minimum compaction requirements.
- F. Asphalt that lacks the minimum thickness required per plan.
- G. New asphalt contaminated by a petroleum product, or spilled paint.
- H. Asphalt that has depressions, cracks, scored divits from dumpster wheels, heavy equipment use, heavy construction products,
- I. Asphalt placed on pumping, unstable sub-grades.

### 3.05 CLEANING

- A. Refer to Section 01 74 00.

- B. Upon completion of work of this Section promptly remove from the working area all scraps, debris and surplus material of this Section.
- C. Clean excess material from surface of all concrete walks and utility structures.

END OF SECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL





## PART 2 - PRODUCTS





























1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years experience.
- B. Installer: Company specializing in installations of chain-link fencing with a minimum of five years of experience. If any welding is required provide welders' certificates, verifying AWS qualification within the previous 12 months.

1.05 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

- A. Verify field measurements are as indicated on shop 4(iv)-6.01-45.9615(o03(u)1.96(a)-1(n)c)-2.96564(e77-3.0





SECTION 32 31 19

DECORATIVE METAL FENCES AND GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. SECTION INCLUDES:

1. Ornamental picket fencing, gates and accessories.

B. RELATED SECTIONS:

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.
2. Section 08 71 00: Door Hardware (except hinges which are specified herein).
3. Section 32 13 00: Portland Cement Concrete Paving.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Layout of all fences and gates with dimensions, details and finishes of component accessories and post foundations.



leaf size without sag.

C. Provide panic hardware at non-vehicular gates.

D. Gate Hardware

1. See drawings for gate elevations and hardware groups.
2. Lever Hardware Kit – LOCINOX USA – LAKQ U2 chain link lock kit. For use at required accessible passage type gates not requiring panic devices.
3. Self-Closing Hinge System – LOCINOX USA – Mammoth-HD 180 Degree Closer and Hinge Kit for gates up to 440 lbs. Opening force shall be less than 5 lbs. For use at all accessible required gates along path of travel or along egress route with panic devices. Provide manufacturer's optional mounting hardware for thicker gate post material.
4. Heavy Duty Hinges: Provide heavy-duty weld hinges of size capable of supporting specified leaf width without sag or failure. Gorilla hinge or equal. For all maintenance type swing gates.

## 2.04 ACCESSORIES

- I. Cane Bolt: Provide heavy-duty cane bolt at all 2-leaf gate configurations. Provide at each leaf to secure each leaf into pavement below. Cane bolt shall be capable of being raised and locked in the retracted position when not in use. Provide 12 inch galvanized sleeve receivers encased with 12 inch round concrete in the close and open position. Cane bolts to freely drop and lift in the closed and open position.
- J. Knox Box: Model 3200 series, black. Fully weld to gate frame. Prime and paint affected finish. Location and quantity as shown on drawings. Boxes located at frontage of school shall have a reflective red adhesive sticker on front of lock body. Boxes located at other locations not on main school frontage shall have a reflective green adhesive sticker on front of lock body.
- K. Knox Locks: Model 3700 series, stainless steel, exterior use. Provide at all maintenance gates and fire apparatus gates along fire lane. All locks shall have a reflective green adhesive sticker around lock body.

## 2.05 SETTING MATERIAL

- A. Concrete: Minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3,000 psi.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify areas to receive fencing are completed to final grades and elevations.
- B. Ensure property lines and legal boundaries of work are clearly established.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fence in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Space posts uniformly not to exceed a full panel width. Face of post to closest picket not to exceed 3-7/8 inch spacing.
- C. Concrete Fence Set Posts: 24" min. Ø x36" min. deep or as otherwise indicated on drawings.
- D. Concrete Gate Swing Posts: Provide reinforced concrete footings as indicated on the Drawings.
- E. Check each post for vertical and top alignment and maintain in position during placement and finishing operation.
- F. Align fence panels between posts. Firmly attach rail brackets to posts with ¼" (6 mm) bolt and lock nut, ensuring panels and posts remain plumb.
- G. Position bottom of picket 2 inches above existing/new finished grade. Distance from picket on each end of panel to the support post shall not be greater than 4".



- H. Where touch up paint is necessary, paint shall match powder coated finish. Unacceptable finishes will require re-powder coating.
- I. Cutting of manufacturer's brackets will not be accepted.

3.03 GATE INSTALLATION

- A. Install gates plumb, level and secure for full opening without interference.
- B. Attach hardware by means, which will prevent unauthorized removal.
- C. Adjust hardware for smol

SECTION 32 80 00

IRRIGATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

Construction Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this section.

1.01 SUMMARY

A. DESCRIPTION

1. Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and transportation required to perform and complete the installation of an automatic sprinkler irrigation system, including all piping, sprinkler heads, controls, connections, testing, etc. as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein. The water source for this project is potable water [ndsa7atc. The2124(ati)7LWon.d 1.E

- F. Do not construe approval of material as authorization for any deviations from Specifications unless attention of Owner's Representative has been directed to specified deviations.
- G. Record Drawings: Upon completion of work, and as a precedent to final payment, deliver to Owner's Representative one complete set of reproducible originals of Drawings showing work exactly as installed





- d. Pump start
  - e. Bypass
  - f. Overall instruction
3. Upon successful completion of testing by the technician from [enter technician company], request that a checklist/certification be completed and signed by the technician. Deliver copies

PVC as manufactured by George Fischer, Lasco, Spears, or approved equal. [LEEMCO APPLICATION - PVC fittings for mainline two inches (2") and smaller and all lateral lines: High impact, standard weight, Schedule 40, molded PVC as manufactured by George Fischer, Lasco, Spears, or approved equal.]

3. PVC fittings four-inch (4") size and larger: High impact, standard weight, Class 200 gasketed, molded PVC as manufactured by George Fischer, Lasco, Spears, or approved equal. [LEEMCO APPLICATION - Ductile iron fittings for all mainline fittings two and one-half inches (2 ½") and larger: Leemco joint restraint fittings or approved equal.]
  4. All plastic pipe and fittings: Continuously and permanently marked with manufacturer's name, type of material, IPS size, schedule, NSF approval, and code number.
  5. Threaded PVC pipe and nipples: IPS Schedule 80 when necessary to use threaded connections to gauges, valves, or control valves. Threaded adapters may be used in place of nipples when making pipe to valve connections.
  6. Use 45-degree fittings for changes in depth of pipe, and at transition from main line to automatic control valves.
  7. Piping above ground: Schedule 40 galvanized steel with cast-iron fittings.
  8. Piping used for electrical purposes to be Schedule 40 PVC Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit electrical conduit.
- H. Booster Pump: [see design standards].
- I. PVC Primer: Weld-On P-70 Purple Primer or approved equal.
- J. PVC Glue: Weld-On 711 Gray heavy bodied PVC Cement or approved equal.
- K. Sprinkler Heads: [see design standards].
- L. Quick Coupler Valves: Rainbird 44np or approved equal.
- M. All Valve Boxes and Covers: Concrete manufactured with steel checker plate lid with "Irrigation – Non-Potable" permanently embossed on cover. Christie or approved equal.
- N. Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventer: \_\_\_\_\_.
- O. Automatic Sprinkler Control Wire:
1. Connections between remote control valves and controller: 14 AWG direct burial plastic polyethylene (PE) insulated wire, Paige Electric P7079D or approved equal. Common wire to be white, and lead wire to be colored. If multiple controllers are used, a different color is to be used for each controller's lead wire. (Use red for the first controller). Spare wires are to be yellow.
  2. UL Listed waterproof sealing pack for wire connections: 3M Ds:p

ye F

- P. Automatic Sprinkler Control Decoder Cable [For expansion of existing two-wire systems only]:
1. Connections between remote control valve decoders and controller: Hunter Jacketed Decoder Cable, Paige Electric P7354D. If multiple controllers are used, a different color jacket is to be







individually capped with approved waterproof sealing pack.

8. Spare Wire: Install two (2) spare wires along each wire path. If there is more than one wire path from the controller, the contractor to install two (2) spare wires per path. Provide eighteen inches (18") of slack wire at each automatic control valve.

#### F. Decoder Cable

1. General: Install control wires beneath sprinkler main line whenever possible.
2. Slack Cable: Provide eighteen inches (18") of slack cable at each automatic control valve. Slack cable shall be coiled and left in the valve box.
3. Expansion and Contraction: Snake cable in trench to allow for contraction of cable.
4. Cable Passing Under Existing or Future Paving or Construction: Encase in PVC Schedule 40 or galvanized steel conduit extending at least twelve inches (12") beyond edges of paving or construction.
5. Connections: Install cable connections in a waterproof sealing pack.
6. Splicing: Permit splicing only on runs exceeding 500 feet. Locate all splices within valve boxes.
7. Cable Termination: Install cable in a valve box with eighteen inches (18") of slack cable coiled and individually capped with approved waterproof sealing pack. Ground cable at all cable terminations.

#### G. Trace Wire

1. General: Install trace wire above sprinkler main line whenever possible; tape wire to mainline pipe at 10' intervals to ensure the wire remains adjacent to the pipe.
2. Wire Connections: Install wire connections in a waterproof sealing pack.
3. Trace wire access points shall be accessible at all automatic control valves.
4. At all mainline end caps, a minimum of six feet (6') of tracer wire shall be coiled and secured to the cap for future connections. The end of the tracer wire shall be spliced to the wire of a six-pound zinc anode and is to be buried at the same elevation as the irrigation mainline.
5. Testing: The contractor shall perform a continuity test on all trace wires in the presence of the client. If the trace wire is found to be not continuous after testing, Contractor shall repair or replace the failed segment of the wire.

#### H. Automatic Control Valves and Quick Coupler Valves

1. Install where shown and where practical; place no closer than twelve inches (12") to walk edges, building walls, or fences. Refer to detail for example.
2. Thoroughly flush mainline before installing valve.
3. Install valves in ground cover areas where possible.

#### I. Piping

1. General: Install in conformance with reference standards, manufacturer's written directions, as shown on Drawings and as herein specified.
2. Workmanship:
  - a. General: Install sprinkler irrigation equipment in planted areas throughout the site.
  - b. Coordination: Organize location of sleeves with other trades as required.

3. Pipeline Assembly:
  - a. General:
    - 1) Cutting: Cut pipe square; remove rough edges or burrs.
    - 2) Solvent-welded Connections: Use materials and methods recommended by the pipe manufacturer.
    - 3) Brushes: Use non-synthetic brushes to apply solvents and primer.
    - 4) Cleaning: Clean pipe and fittings of dirt, moisture, and debris prior to applying solvent or primer.
    - 5) Assembly: Allow pipe to be assembled and welded on the surface or in the trench.
    - 6) Expansion and Contraction: Snake pipe from side to side of trench to allow for expansion and contraction.
    - 7) Location: Locate pipes as shown on Drawings except where existing supply valves, utilities or obstructions prohibit or where slight changes are approved to better suit field conditions.
  - b. Elastomeric Seal (Gasket) Joints:
    - 1) General: Assemble in strict conformance with the pipe manufacturer's instruction.
    - 2) Rubber Rings: Use rubber rings specific for water service systems.
    - 3) Cleaning: Thoroughly clean ring and groove of dirt, moisture and debris using a clean, dry cloth. Do not use solvents, lubricants, cleaning fluids or other material for cleaning.
    - 4) Seating: Properly seat ring in groove.
    - 5) Spigot: Clean spigot-end of pipe as in "Cleaning" above prior to applying lubricant recommended by pipe manufacturer. Insert spigot into bell and seat to full depth required.
  - c. Connections:
    - 1) Threaded Plastic Pipe Connection:
      - a) Use Teflon tape or pipe joint compound.
      - b) When assembling to threaded pipe, take up joint no more than one full turn beyond hand-tight
    - 2) Metal Valves and Plastic Pipe: Use threaded plastic male adapters.
    - 3) Metal to Metal Connections:
      - a) Use specific joint compound or gasket material for type of joint made. Where pipe of dissimilar metals are connected, use dielectric fittings.
      - b) Where assembling, do not allow more than three full threads to show when joint is made up.
    - 4) Where assembling soft metal (brass or copper) or plastic pipe, use strap-type friction wrench only; do not use a metal-jawed wrench.
    - 5) Threading:
      - a) Do not permit the use of field-threading of plastic pipe or fittings. Use only factory-formed threads.
      - b) Use factory-made nipples wherever possible. Permit the use of field-cut threads in metallic pipe only where absolutely necessary. When field-threading, cut threads accurately on axis with sharp dies.
      - c) Use pipe joint compound for all threaded joints. Apply compound to male thread

only.

d. Sleeves and conduits:

- 1) Use sleeves of adequate size to accommodate retrieval for repair of wiring or piping and extend a minimum of twelve inches (12") beyond edges of walls or paving.
- 2) Provide removable, non-decaying plug at end of sleeve to prevent entrance of soil.

e. Unions: Locate unions for easy removal of equipment or valve.

f. Joint Restraints: Install per manufacturer's recommendations.

g. Capping: Plug or seal opening as lines are installed to prevent entrance materials that would obstruct pipe. Leave in place until removal is necessary for completion of installation.

h. Drip Irrigation Tubing: Install as per Drawings.

J. Sprinkler Heads

1. Sprinkler heads: Locate as shown on the Drawings except where existing conditions prohibit, or slight changes are approved to achieve as good or better coverage under the same conditions. Do not allow sprinkler head spacing to exceed 1.0120m (3.34ft) (whichever is less).

1. General: Perform excavations as required for installation of work included under this Section, including shoring of earth banks to prevent cave-ins. Restore surfaces, existing underground installations, etc., damaged or cut as result of this work to their original condition and in a manner approved by the Landscape Architect.
  2. Width:
    - a. Make trenches wide enough to allow a minimum of six inches (6") between parallel pipelines and three inches (3") between side of pipe and side of trench. Do not allow stacking of pipe within trench.
    - b. Allow a minimum clearance of twelve inches (12") in any direction from parallel pipes of other trades.
  3. Preparation of Excavations: Remove rubbish and rocks from trenches. Bed pipe on a minimum of three inches (3") of clean, rock-free soil to provide a firm, uniform bearing for entire length of pipeline. Cover pipe with a minimum of three inches (3") of clean, rock-free soil. If clean, rock-free soil is not available, use sand for pipe bedding and three inches (3") of backfill above the pipe. The remainder of the trench backfill material can be native soil. Do not allow wedging or blocking of pipe.
  4. Minimum depth of cover: Unless shown otherwise, provide the following minimums:
    - a. Mainline: twenty-four inches (24") cover.
    - b. Lateral line: twelve inches (12") cover for spray heads, and eighteen inches (18") cover for rotor heads.
  5. Conflicts with other trades:
    - a. Hand-excavate trenches where potential conflict with other underground utilities exist.
    - b. Where other utilities interfere with irrigation trenching and piping work, adjust the trench depth as instructed by Owner's Representative.
- D. Thrust Blocks
1. To resist system pressure on ring-tite PVC pipe and PVC fittings, provide thrust blocks at any change of direction, change of size, dead end, and/or valves at which thrust develops when closed. See thrust block details for examples.
  2. Use cast-in-place concrete and size thrust blocks based on an average soil-safe bearing load of 700 lbs. per square foot.
  3. Form thrust blocks in such a manner that concrete comes in contact only with the fittings. Place thrust block between adequately compacted soil and the fitting.
  4. Thrust blocks are to be constructed of concrete with a minimum of 2500psi.
  5. Thrust blocks are to be free, separate, and independent of adjacent or nearby thrust blocks.
- E. Backfill And Compacting
1. General: Do not begin until hydrostatic tests are completed. When system is operating and after required tests and inspections have been made, backfill trenches under paving areas to the compaction rate specified in Section 31 00 00 – Earthwork.
  2. Place backfill in six-inch (6") layers and compact with an acceptable mechanical compactor.
    - a. Compact backfill material in landscape areas to eighty-five percent (85%) maximum dry density of the soil.

- b. If settlement occurs along trenches, make adjustments in pipes, valves, and sprinkler heads, soil, sod or paving as necessary to bring the system, soil, sod or paving to the proper level or the permanent grade, without additional cost to the Owner.
3. Excess Soil: Remove all rocks, debris, and excess soil that results from sprinkler irrigation trenching operations, landscape planting, and soil preparation operations off site at no additional cost to the Owner. If soil meets topsoil requirements in Section 31 00 00 – Earthwork, it may be used for finish grading.
4. Finishing: Dress-off areas to eliminate construction scars.

F. Flushing Lines

1. Thoroughly flush lines prior to installing valves, performing hydrostatic testing, or installing sprinklers. Divert water to prevent washouts.

G. Concrete Work

1. Underground anchors and pads for valves boxes are included under this Section of Specifications. Concrete shall have a minimum strength of 2500 psi. The slump test shall be a four inch (4") maximum slump. At twenty-eight days, the concrete shall have a minimum strength of 2500 psi. Use materials and mix in accordance with ASTM C 94. Refer to Section 32 16 00 - Site Concrete.

3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Visual Inspection: Verify that all pipe is homogenous throughout and free from visual cracks, holes, or foreign materials. Inspect each length of pipe. All materials are subject to impact test at the discretion of the Landscape Architect.
- B. Hydrostatic Tests – Open Trench:
  1. Center-load piping with a small amount of backfill to prevent arching or slipping under pressure.
  2. Request the presence of the Project Inspector in writing at least forty-eight hours in advance of testing.
  3. At no additional cost to Owner, test in the presence of the Project Inspector.
  4. Apply continuous static water pressure of 100 psi when welded plastic joints have cured at least twenty-four hours, and with the risers capped, as follows: test main lines and submains for four hours; test lateral lines for two hours.
  5. Repair leaks resulting from tests; and repeat tests.
  6. Test to determine that all sprinkler heads function according to manufacturer's data and give full coverage according to intent of Drawings. Replace any sprinklers not functioning as specified with ones that do, or otherwise correct system to provide satisfactory performance.
- C. Continuity Testing: Test locating device and control wires for continuity prior to and after back-filling operations.

3.06 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjusting System: Prior to acceptance, satisfactorily adjust and regulate entire system. Set watering schedule on controller appropriate to types of plants and season of year. Adjust remote control valves to operate sprinkler heads at optimum performance based on pressure and simultaneous demands through supply lines.
- B. System Layout: Provide reduced prints of Record Document irrigation plans, laminated in four (4) mil. plastic, of size to fit controller door. Enlarge remote-control valve designations as necessary for legibility. Color-code areas covered by each station. Affix plans to inside of controller door.
- C. Instructions: Upon completion of work, instruct maintenance personnel on operation and maintenance procedures for entire system.
- D. Flow Charts: Record and prepare an accurate flow-rate chart for each automatic control valve.

3.07 CLEANING

Remove debris resulting from work of this Section.

END OF SECTION



SECTION 32 90 00

LANDSCAPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and transportation required to perform and complete the following work as specified herein:
2. Soil Preparation and Fertilization
3. Planting
4. Hydroseeding and/or Sodding
5. Weed Control
6. Decomposed Granite
7. Infield Mix
8. Mulch
9. Clean-up
10. Landscape Maintenance Period
11. Guarantee





- not growing in a vertical position.
14. Furnish quantities necessary to complete the work as shown on the Drawings and, if necessary, make up for any discrepancies in the quantities given in the Plant List at no additional cost to Owner.

G. Decomposed Granite with Binder Mock-up:

1. Install 4 ft wide x 10 ft long mock-up of decomposed granite with Stabilizer additive at location as directed by owner's representative for review and acceptance prior to placement of decomposed granite.

H. Comply with the requirements of **Section 01 77 00 – Closeout Procedures.**

1.04 INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Landscape Architect reserves the right to examine and reject plant material both at place of growth and at site, before and after planting, for compliance with requirements of name, variety, size, and quality.

- B. Request and hold a pre-construction meeting prior to beginning the work of this Section. Parties required to be in attendance are the Landscape Contractor, Project Inspector, Owner's Representative, and Landscape Architect.

- C. Obtain verification from Project Inspector for the following at the appropriate times during construction and prior to further progression of work in this Section:

1. Rough grading is to tolerances specified in **Section 31 00 00 – Earthwork.**
2. The placement of landscape backfill material is as specified in this Section.
3. Prior to the commencement of the work specified in this Section, the coverage and operation of the sprinkler irrigation system are as specified in Section 32 80 00 - IRRIGATION.
4. The soil amendment does not include any metal fragments. (Obtain a letter from the manufacturer stating that the material submitted for use on this project has no metal or foreign objects. Submit this letter as part of the Data Sheet submittal package [see "Submittals and Substitutions" in this Section])
5. Required Test: For each load of soil amendment delivered to the site, spread at least two cubic yards (2 cy) of material onto a paved surface approximately two inches (2") deep. Pass a magnetic rake over the material in two directions. If any metal is found, test the entire load in the same manner. Perform all testing in the presence of the Project Inspector.
6. Soil amendments, fertilizer, bark mulch and materials used for hydroseeding have been delivered to the site by the supplier, the invoices from the supplier indicate the project name and quantities delivered, and the Project Inspector has received copies of all such documents.
7. Prior to planting, amendments and conditioners have been incorporated as p]TJ T\*[(entire

- D. In case of failure to obtain any verification by the Project Inspector as required above, remove and replace work as necessary to obtain the verification at no additional cost to the Owner.
- E. Beginning of Maintenance Period: Verify all work is complete, then request and hold a meeting to include the Landscape Architect, Project Inspector, Architect and Owner's Representative for authorization to begin the landscape maintenance period.
- F. End of Maintenance: Verify that all work is complete and acceptable, and that the maintenance has been completed per specifications; and continue to provide landscape maintenance until the Owner's Representative has accepted the work.

1.05 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Provide protection for persons and property throughout progress of work. Use temporary barricades as required. Proceed with work in such manner as to minimize spread of dust and flying particles and to provide safe working conditions for personnel. Store materials and equipment where directed.
- B. Existing Construction: Execute work in an orderly and careful manner to protect paving, work of other trades, and other improvements.
- C. Existing Utilities: Provide protection for existing utilities within construction area. At no additional cost to Owner, repair any damages to utility lines that occur as a result of this work.
- D. Landscaping: Protect landscape work and materials from damage due to landscape operations, operations by other contractors and trades, and trespassers. Maintain protection during installation and maintenance periods.
- E. Paving: Maintain cleanliness of paving areas and other public areas used by equipment, and immediately remove spillage; remove rubbish, debris, and other material resulting from landscapds98544(m)1.0 ness

- A. The guarantee period for lawn and plant material shall be the duration of the landscape

Owner's Representative, the successful completion of the Landscape Maintenance Period.





2. Starter Fertilizer: 16-20-0 with biosolids or approved equal.
  3. Wood Fiber Mulch: As manufactured by Conwed or approved equal.
  4. Soil Binding Agent: Polyacrylamide or approved equal.
  5. Herbicide: Tenacity or approved equal.
- X. Irrigated Bio-swale Hydroseed: Premium, new crop seed, delivered to site in original, unopened containers bearing a dated guaranteed analysis. Hydroseed mixture shall be as follows:
1. Seed: \*list seed mix\*
    - a. List seed – x lbs/1,000 sf
    - b. List seed – x lbs/1,000 sf
  2. Starter Fertilizer: 7-2-3 or approved equal.
  3. Wood Fiber Mulch: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) or approved equal.
- Y. Non-Irrigated Bio-swale Hydroseed: Premium, new crop seed, delivered to site in original, unopened containers bearing a dated guaranteed analysis. Hydroseed mixture shall be as follows:
1. Seed: \*list seed mix\*
    - a. List seed – x lbs/1,000 sf
    - b. List seed – x lbs/1,000 sf
  2. Starter Fertilizer: 7-2-3 or approved equal.
  3. Wood Fiber Mulch: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) or approved equal.
- Z. Bermuda Sprigs: Healthy lateral living stems, rhizomes, or stolons, four to six inches (4" - 6") long with leaves or a minimum of two nodes and attached roots free of soil.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the site, verify grade elevations, and observe conditions under which work is to be performed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Owner's Representative.
- B. Proceed with complete landscape work as rapidly as portions of the site become available, working within seasonal limitations for each kind of landscape work required.
- C. Determine location of underground utilities and perform work in a manner which will avoid possible damage. Hand-excavate, as required, to minimize possibility of damage to underground utilities. Maintain grade stakes set by others until removal is mutually agreed upon by parties concerned.
- D. When conditions detrimental to sod or plant growth are encountered, such as rubble fill, adverse drainage condition, or other obstructions, notify the Owner's Representative before planting.

### 3.02 PREPARATION



D. Finish Grading for all Planting areas

1. Refer to Earthwork Specification Section for Rough Grading.
2. Grade to elevations and contours shown on Drawings. Fill low spots with landscape backfill material and grade to surface drain in manner indicated on Drawings.
3. Finish-grade so that the entire area within the contract lines has a natural and pleasing appearance as specified and as directed by Landscape Architect.
4. Adjust sprinkler heads flush to finish grade in preparation to receive hydroseeding or one-half inch above finish grade in preparation to receive sod. Reset sprinkler heads flush to grade after turf has germinated.
5. Flag the sprinkler heads and valve markers.

E. Planting Pits for Trees:

1. Excavate pits with vertical sides and with bottom of excavation slightly raised at center to provide proper drainage.
2. Set container-grown stock in center of pit on earth pedestal. Separate roots and/or prune roots as directed by Landscape Architect. In hot weather, pre-wet pit. Loosen outside roots from sides and bottom of root ball. When set, place additional backfill around base and sides of root ball. Work each layer to settle backfill and eliminate voids and air pockets. Water after placing final layer of backfill.
3. Loosen hard subsoil in bottom of excavation. Extend excavation as required to insure proper drainage from plant pits.
4. Fill excavated planting pits with water to half the depth of pit. Pits should drain within four hours (4 hrs). If planting pits do not drain, notify Project Inspector immediately. Do not proceed with planting until Landscape Architect has resolved a method to provide drainage.

F. Planting Pits for Shrubs/Groundcover:

1. Excavate pits and trenches with vertical sides and with bottom of excavation slightly raised at center to provide proper drainage.
2. Loosen hard subsoil in bottom of excavation. Extend excavation as required to insure proper drainage from plant pits.
3. Fill excavated planting pits with water to half the depth of pit. Pits should drain within four hours (4 hrs). If planting pits do not drain, notify Project Inspector immediately. Do not proceed with planting until Landscape Architect has resolved a method to provide drainage.

3.03 INSTALLATION

A. Root Barrier

1. Root barriers location are specifically shown on the plan. If a tree is moved during

minimum requirements are to be met:

- a. Install root barrier where trees are planted within sixty inches (60") of paving or other hardscape elements, such as walls, curbs, and walkways.
  - b. Install root barrier continuously for a distance of five feet (5') in each direction from the tree trunk, for a total distance of ten feet (10') per tree. If trees are spaced closer, use a single continuous piece of root barrier.
2. Align root barrier vertically and run it linearly along and adjacent to the paving or other hardscape elements to be protected from invasive roots.
  3. Position top of root barrier just below the top of adjacent hardscape element but above finish grade of the soil so that is visible.
  4. If there are concrete spoils or overpour that is impeding the root barrier from being

area by using a mixture of soil conditioner/fertilizer, seed, binder, and wood fiber mulch. This mixture should be of such character that it will disperse into a uniform slurry when mixed with water in a mechanical mixer.

3. Equipment: Use a standard hydraulic mulching machine with a continuous agitation system that keeps material in uniform suspension throughout mixing and distribution cycles and with a minimum mixing tank capacity of 500 gallons (3,000+ sq. ft. of coverage).
4. Mix per 1,000 square feet:
  - a. Lawn Seed 3.25 lbs.
  - b. Starter Fertilizer 20.0 lbs.
  - c. Wood Fiber Mulch: 75.0 lbs.
5. Application: Spray the slurry mix, under pressure, uniformly over the soil surface in a one-step operation. Protect adjacent paving, building walls, etc.
6. Clean any overspray from surfaces at end of each day's work.
7. Permit slurry to "set" approximately twenty-four hours (24 hrs.) before watering. Once watering has begun, do not allow newly hydroseeded areas to dry out.

D. Non-Irrigated Bio-Swale Hydroseeding:

1. Do not begin hydroseeding until finish-grading has been checked by Landscape Architect. If work is rejected due to failure to obtain Landscape Architect's approval prior to hydroseeding, redo rejected work at no additional cost to Owner.
2. General: Hydroseeding is an artificial planting process which provides vegetation to an area by using a mixture of soil conditioner/fertilizer, seed, binder, and wood fiber mulch. This mixture should be of such character that it will disperse into a uniform slurry when mixed with water in a mechanical mixer.
3. Equipment: Use a standard hydraulic mulching machine with a continuous agitation system that keeps material in uniform suspension throughout mixing and distribution cycles and with a minimum mixing tank capacity of 500 gallons (3,000+ sq. ft. of coverage).
4. Mix per 1,000 square feet:
  - a. Lawn Seed 3.25 lbs.
  - b. Starter Fertilizer 20.0 lbs.
  - c. Wood Fiber Mulch: 75.0 lbs.
5. Application: Spray the slurry mix, under pressure, uniformly over the soil surface in a one-step operation. Protect adjacent paving, building walls, etc.
6. Clean any overspray from surfaces at end of each day's work.

E. Lawn Sod:

1. Cultivate all lawn areas to a depth of six inches (6"). If cultivation does not break lumps, pull a spike-toothed harrow over the area behind the tractor.
2. Give all lawn areas that are to be sodded a smooth finish to prevent pockets. Do not allow any abrupt changes of surface. Prior to installation of sod, roll the grade with a 200-pound water-ballast roller. Request that the lawn grade be inspected and approved by the Landscape Architect prior to sodding to determine its suitability for planting. Obtain such approval prior to commencing sodding operations.
3. Do not take heavy objects (except lawn rollers) over lawn areas after they have been



3. Place fertilizer planting tablets in root zone and alongside each plant. Follow manufacturer's instructions for number of tablets to use for each container size.
4. See Drawings for additional information.
5. Grooming and Staking of Trees:
  - a. Prune, thin-out and shape trees in accordance with standard horticultural practice. Prune trees to retain required height and spread. Unless otherwise directed by Landscape Architect, do not cut tree leaders, and remove only injured or dead branches from flowering trees.
  - b. Paint cuts over one-half inch ( $\frac{1}{2}$ " ) in size with standard tree paint or compound,

maintenance period.

**K. Decomposed Granite With Binder**

1. General: Prepare all areas to receive decomposed granite, and treat sub-grade with weed control.
2. Placement:
  - a. Do not install during rainy conditions or below 40 degree Fahrenheit and falling.
  - b. After pre-blending, place the Stabilized decomposed granite on prepared sub-grade. Level to desired grade and cross section.
  - c. Water heavily for full-depth moisture penetration of the Stabilized pathway profile, 25 to 45 gallons of water per 1-ton must be applied. During water application randomly test for depth using a probing device, which reaches full depth.
3. Compaction:
  - a. Upon thorough moisture penetration, compact aggregate screening to 85% relative compaction by equipment such as; a 2 to 4-ton double drum roller or a 1,000-lb. single drum roller. The roller size will depend on the depth of the pathway. DO NOT use a vibratory plate compactor or vibration function on roller as vibration separates large aggregate particles. Do not begin compaction for 6 hours after placement and up to 48 hours.
  - b. If surface aggregate dries significantly quicker than subsurface material, lightly mist surface before compaction.
  - c. Take care in compacting decomposed granite when adjacent to planting and irrigation systems. Hand tamping with an 8" or 10" hand tamp recommended.
4. Inspection:
  - a. Finished surface of pathway shall be smooth, uniform and solid. There shall be no evidence of chipping or cracking. Cured and compacted pathway shall be firm throughout profile with no spongy areas. Loose material will not be present on the surface after installation, but may appear after use and according to environmental conditions. Pathway should remain stable underneath the loose granite on top. Any significant irregularities in path surface shall be repaired to the uniformity of entire installation.
5. Repairs:
  - a. Excavate damaged area to the depth of the stabilized decomposed granite and square off sidewalls.
  - b. If area is dry, moisten damaged portion lightly.
  - c. Pre-blend the dry required amount of Stabilizer powder with the proper amount of decomposed granite in a concrete mixer.
  - d. Add water the pre-blended decomposed granite and stabilizer. Thoroughly moisten mix with 25 to 45 gallons per 1-ton of pre-blended material or to approximately 10% moisture content.
  - e. Apply moistened pre-blended decomposed granite to excavated area to finish grade.



- f. Compact with an 8"-10" hand tamp or 250 to 300-pound roller. Keep traffic off area for 12 to 48 hours after repair has been completed.
6. Upon end of landscape maintenance period, all weed/grass shall have been removed and surface re-compacted.

L. Infield Mix

1. Contractor shall layout the infield, identifying home plate, all bases, and pitching rubber. Install home plate, base pins and pitching rubber. If equipment is not specified locations to be marked with a ¾" diameter x 12" long galvanized pipe. Pipe to be buried in the ground, so the top is flush with finish grade.
2. Contractor shall layout edge of infield with white marking paint the edge of infield.
3. When layout of infield has been completed and verified by landscape architect, contractor shall excavate all areas to receive infield mix to a 6" depth. Excess soil shall be distributed on site as directed by landscape architect.
4. Infield mix to be compacted to 90% compaction.
5. Infield mix to be thoroughly blended by the supplier prior to delivery to the site. Delivery tickets showing quantities and mixture shall be given to landscape architect.

M. Erosion Control Blanket

1. When planting operations have been completed and finish-grade has been re-established, request review of surface grade, and obtain approval of Landscape Architect before installation of blanket. Install material as per Drawings.

N. Jute Mesh

1. Jute mesh shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans.
2. Jute mesh shall be placed after cultivation and before planting. Soil surface should be reasonably smooth, remove rocks or other obstructions that rise above the level of the soil. Jute mesh shall be placed loosely on the finish grade up and down the slope in a manner to fit the soil surface contour and shall be held in place staples driven vertically into the soil at approximately 24" spacing and no more than 12" when overlapping mesh. Jute mesh strips shall be overlap along the sides by at least 6" and if more than one roll is required going down the slope, the ends going down the slope should overlap by at least 3'. Ends of strips shall be tucked into the soil by at least 6".

3.04 CLEANING

- A. During construction, keep the site free of rubbish and debris, and clean up the site promptly when notified to do so. Take care to prevent spillage on streets from hauling and immediately clean up any such spillage and/or debris deposited on streets due to the work of this Section.
- B. During all phases of the construction work, take all precautions to abate dust nuisance by clean-up, sweeping, sprinkling with water, or other means as necessary.

3.05 PROTECTION: MAINTENANCE



- 1.) Mark out areas to receive new sod repair.
  - 2.) Cut straight lines that will accept sod the full width of the roll and a minimum of twenty-four inches (24") in length.
  - 3.) Transition the grade between existing turf and new sod seamlessly, with no change in elevation.
3. Trees and Shrubs:
- a. Water enough that moisture penetrates throughout root zone and only as frequently as necessary to maintain healthy growth.
  - b. Construct and/or remove water basins around each plant, depending on the time of the year and as directed.
  - c. Do not prune unless directed by the Landscape Architect.
  - d. Re-stake and re-tie trees as needed and as directed by the Landscape Architect. Do not allow tops of tree stakes to protrude into head of tree.
  - e. Replace any dead, dying or vandalized plant material on a weekly basis throughout the Landscape Maintenance Period.
4. Insecticide and Herbicide Application:
- a. If needed, control weeds with selective herbicides and sprays. In areas where crabgrass has infested the lawn, apply pre-emergent herbicides such as Dacthal by Amvac, Balan, or Betasan by Gowan for control prior to crabgrass germination. Control insect pests if necessary.
  - b. Use only a licensed Pest Control Operator to apply herbicides and sprays and to maintain a log for applications indicating material, timing, and rate.
5. Decomposed Granite with Binder:
- a. Remove debris, such as paper, grass clippings, leaves or other organic material by mechanically blowing or hand raking the surface as needed.
  - b. During the first year, a minor amount of loose aggregate will appear on the paving surface (1/16" to 1/4"). If this material exceeds a ¼", redistribute the material over the entire surface. Water thoroughly to the depth of 1". Compact with

SECTION 33 40 00

SITE DRAINAGE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. SECTION INCLUDES:

1. Storm Drain piping, fittings, structures.

B. RELATED SECTIONS

1. The General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 are fully applicable to this Section, as if repeated herein.

K. California Plumbing Code, latest edition.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Refer to Section 01 33 00.

B. Manufacturer's Data: Submit list and complete descriptive

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Transport, store and handle in strict accord with the local

entire progress of work, regardless of cause, source, or nature of water.

- E. Curb Inlet: Shall be as shown on the drawing details.
- F. Mortar: For pipe connections to concrete drainage structures, conform to ASTM C270 type N mortar. Place within one half hour after adding water.
- G. Crushed Rock: Imported washed crushed rock. Minimum 100% passing 3/4 inch sieve.
- H. Trench drain: Polycast, Polydrain or equal and as shown on drawings.
- I. Area Drains: Shall be as shown on the drawing details.
- J. Floor Drains: Shall be as shown on the drawing details.
- K. Clean-outs: Shall be as shown on the drawing details.
- L. Planter drains: Shall be as detailed on the drawing details.
- M. Filter Fabric: Mirafi 140N.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 INSPECTION LAYOUT AND PREPARATION

- A. Prior to Dredging, the Contractor shall provide a detailed site plan showing the location of all existing and proposed drainage structures, including but not limited to, manholes, catch basins, trench drains, and floor drains. The site plan shall also show the location of all existing and proposed utility lines, including but not limited to, water, sewer, gas, and electric lines. The site plan shall be submitted to the City Engineer for review and approval prior to the start of construction.



rock points. Trench width in accordance with pipe manufacturer's recommendations and as per the drawings. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for use o

**B. Cleanout Boxes and Lids**

1. In landscape areas; 0.10 higher than surrounding finish grade,  $\pm 0.05'$ .