

# African American Achievement Taskforce DRAFT



## Agenda

- 1. Welcome and Review
- 2. Review of Roles, Responsibilities, and Commitments
- 3. Refined data for Sacramento City Unified School District
- 4. Revisit Problem Statements
- 5. Crosswalk Solutions/Research to Problem Statements
- 6. Finalize Focus Groups
- 7. Public Comment
- 8. Plus/Delta
- 9. Wrap Up



# Defining Equity, Access and Social Justice

- Equity, Access, and Social Justice requires displaying data time at such a way that data triggers a moral call to action irrespective of parent advocacy or (in)ability to navigate our Sac City Unified School District
- Equity, Access, and Social Justice act æsæck and balance ensure that "downdrafting" practices, procedures, processes, and traditions are identified and researched to determine the purpose of their continued use
- Equity, Access, and Social Justice is about respecting the value of data and establishing a continuous improvement and accountability framework that is transparent and looks at data by student, by name, by need, and by inequity and injustice!

## Taskforce Member Expectations

- Commit to consistent and regular attendance and complete required prework and homework assignments
- Remain engaged during all work sessions
- Respect the advisory nature of the taskforce
- Be a critical friend but remain hopeful that the taskforce work will accomplish something important
- Other?

#### Task Force Members

Julius Austin
 Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency

Benita Ayala
 SCUSD parent of student with disabilities

Dr. Stacey Ault
 CaliforniaState University, Sacramento

Lynn BerkleyBaskin
 Sacramento NAACP

Mike Breverly SEIU

Cassandraennings
 Greater Sacramento Urban League

Gail Johnson
 Father Keith B. Kenny Element Tyhool

Michael Lynch ImproveYour Tomorrow

• Dr. HazeMahone Vision2000

Hasan McWhorter
 Sacramento City Teachers Association

CecileNunley Retired School District Chief Business Officer

Jackie Rose
 Focus on the Family

• Marcus Strother YouthDevelopment

GavinVeiga SCUSD Student Representative

Nayzak WaliAli
 Sacramento Youth Commissioner

Darryl White
 Black Parallel School Board

Kim Williams
 Building Healthy Communities

# Refined Comparative Data

Graduation Rates

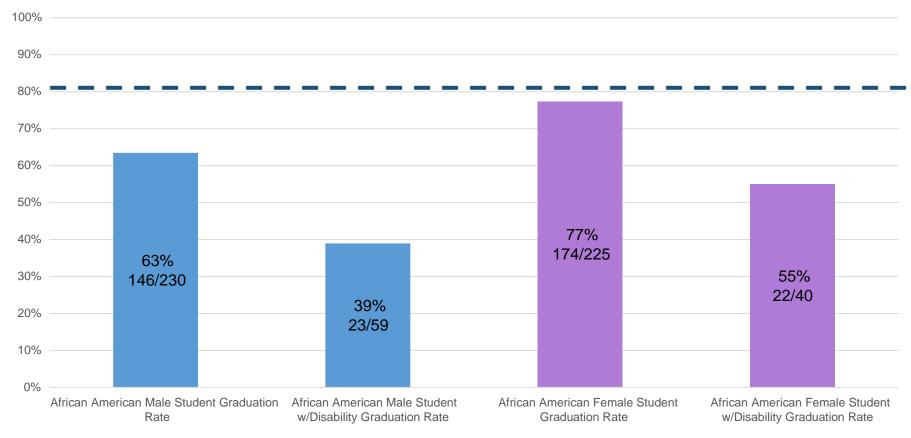
CSU/UC Eligibility

Teacher Demographics

Number of Students Per Grade Level Suspension Rates

Data excludes independent charter schools

# 2016-17 SCUSD African American Student Graduation by Gender, Disability, and Foster Youth



	Cohort Student	ts	Regular HS Diploma Gradua	Cohort Graduation Rate
African AmericanMale Students	230	)	146	63%
African American Female Students	225	5	174	77%
AfricanAmericanMale Students w/Disability	59	)	23	39%
African American Fema&tudents w/Disability	40	)	22	55%

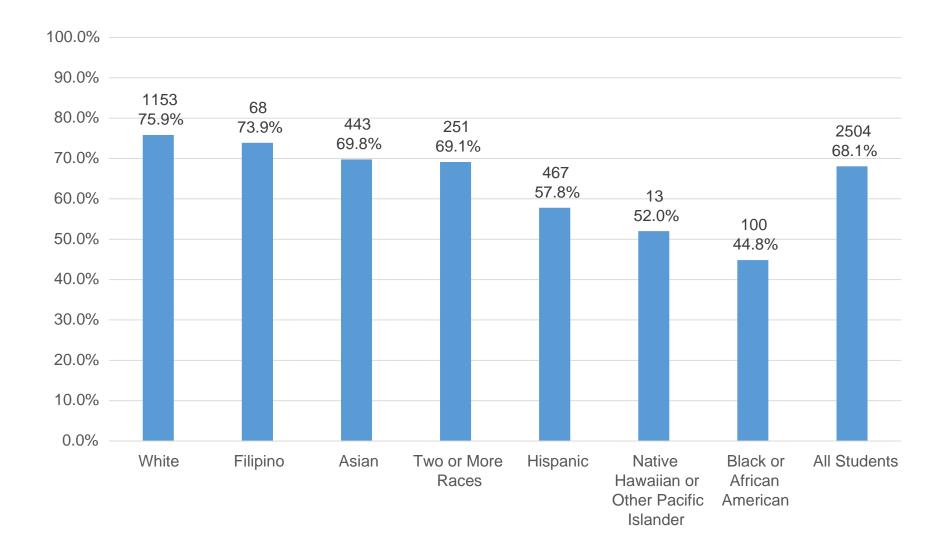


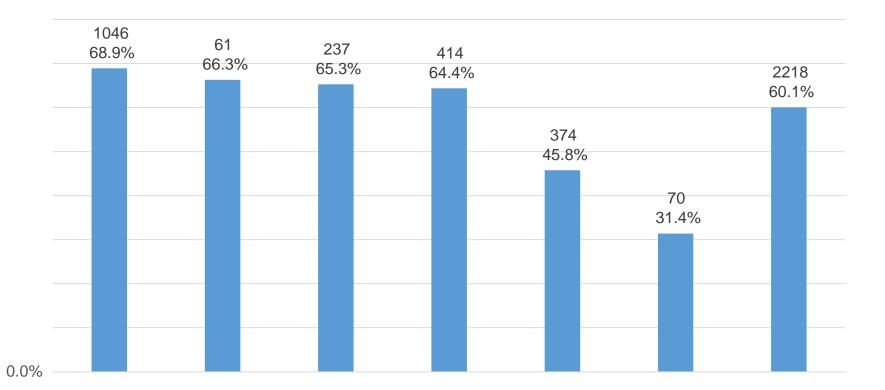


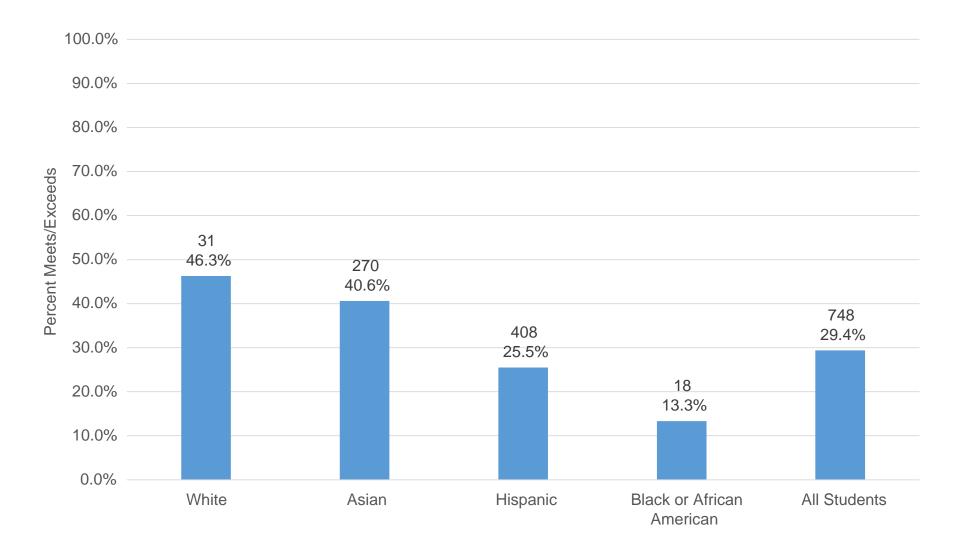
### SBAC



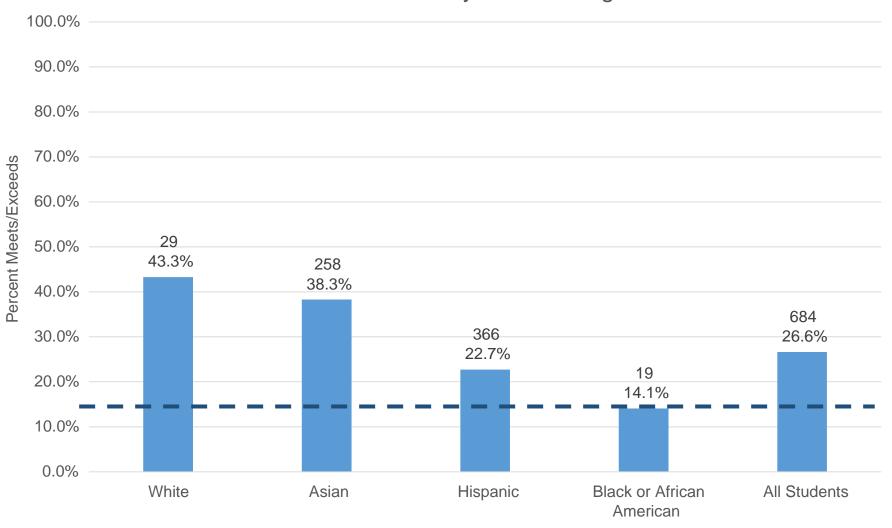
# SBAŒLA Standard Met or Standard Exceeded



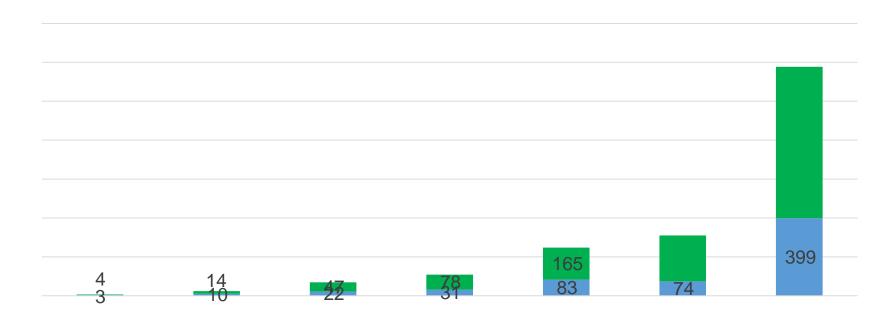




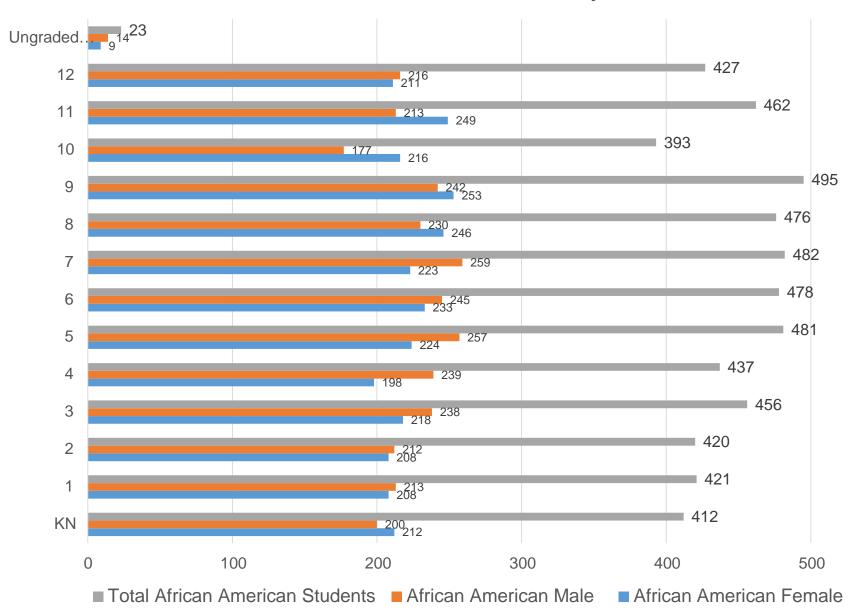
# 2016-17 SBA@Math Meets/Exceeds Standards Percentage for Students with Less Than 96% Attendance, At Least One SuspeasobW,ho Are Socioeconomically Disadvantaged



Students in district and dependent charter schools. The "Not Socioeconomically Disadvantaged" group here includes students bave a high school or higher education diplomand do not



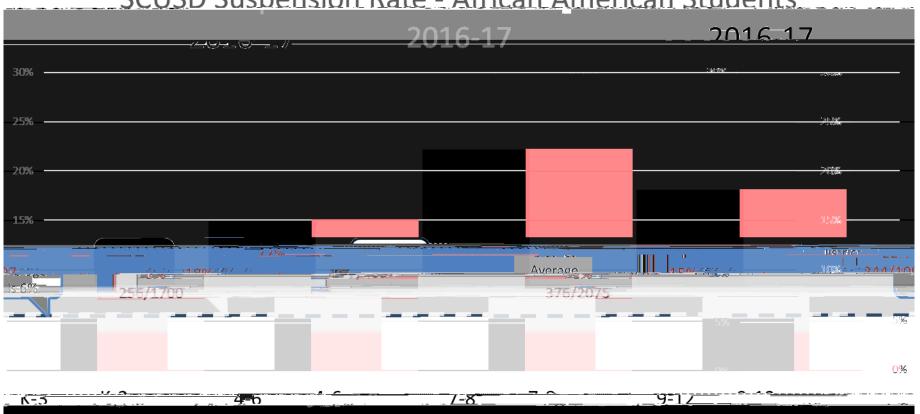
#### 2017-18 African America©ensusDay Enrollment



Grade Span Gender Ethnicity						
	Grade Span	Gender	Ethnicity			

Source: 2016-7 CALPADS 8.1 (EOY3) and CALPADS 7.2 Student Lists

SCUSD Suspension Rate - African American Students



Unduplicated							
		Count of % of Students % of St					% of Students
		Cumulative	Total	Students S	Suspension	with One	with Multiple
<b>Grade Span</b>	Ethnicity	Enrollment	Suspensions	Suspended	Rate	Suspension	Suspensions
K-3	African American	2051	257	118	6%	60%	40%
4-6	African American	1700	659	256	15%	52%	48%
7-8	African American	1097	736	244	22%	45%	55%
9-12	African American	2075	898	376	18%	48%	52%

Source: 2016-7 CALPADS 8.1 (EOY3) and CALPADS 7.2 Student Lists

	Cumulative		
Demographic or Program Category Ethnicity	Enrollment		

## Development of Problem Statement

•

### Culture and Climate

- 1. Suspension rate is
- Chronic Absenteeism rate is \_\_\_\_ for AA students.
- 3. Staffing–need to make sure that teachers are competent, present,
  - Hiring of AA teachers
- 4. Teacher preparation responsibility
  - More professional learning with new teachers
- 5. Cultural proficiency, growth mindset, adult SEL
- 6. Reassess teacher roles to ensure opportunity for PL, relationship building, classroom management, etc.
- 7. Leadership capacity building on relationship building
- 8. Mentoring–MLA and others that provide focus,
- Mentoring for girls WLA
- 10. Opportunities for hands on learning, ROP, and opportunities for CTE opportunities
- 11. Professional development (for teachers and principals)
  - Implicit/explicit bias training
  - Facilitating groups/staff
  - Knowledge and awareness of SWD's and with IEPs
- 12. Student's sense of safety and belonging (e.g. in rigorous academic courses)
- 13. Lack of cultural appreciation
- 14. Coordination of practices across schools/segments (e.g. zero tolerance,)
- 15. Restorative practices as a process not an acti**Add**itional work
- 16. Resource inventory (who are the content experts that we know and have access to,)
- 17. Outreach and engagement of our AA families

#### **Potential Next Steps**

Rank odder these

### Culture and Climate

- 1. Suspension rate is
- Chronic Absenteeism rate is \_\_\_\_ for AA students.
- 3. Staffing–need to make sure that teachers are competent, present,
  - Hiring of AA teachers
- 4. Teacher preparation responsibility
  - More professional learning with new teachers
- 5. Cultural proficiency, growth mindset, adult SEL
- 6. Reassess teacher roles to ensure opportunity for PL, relationship building, classroom management, etc.
- 7. Leadership capacity building on relationship building
- 8. Mentoring–MLA and others that provide focus,
- Mentoring for girls WLA
- 10. Opportunities for hands on learning, ROP, and opportunities for CTE opportunities
- 11. Professional development (for teachers and principals)
  - Implicit/explicit bias training
  - Facilitating groups/staff
  - Knowledge and awareness of SWD's and with IEPs
- 12. Student's sense of safety and belonging (e.g. in rigorous academic courses)
- 13. Lack of cultural appreciation
- 14. Coordination of practices across schools/segments (e.g. zero tolerance,)
- 15. Restorative practices as a process not an acti**Add**itional work
- 16. Resource inventory (who are the content experts that we know and have access to,)
- 17. Outreach and engagement of our AA families

#### **Potential Next Steps**

Rank odder these

### Academic Achievement

### "Homework"

- 1. Study the provided resources
- 2. Identify, list and be prepared to share possible "root causes" of both the Academic Achievement and Culture and Climate problem statements

## Link Google Doc work to Data

### **Public Comment**

## **PLUS/DELTA**

## Wrap Up

- Next Meeting
  - October 30th-6-8PM Serna
- Meeting day will be Tuesdays into December except for:
  - Wednesday, November 7th
  - Skip the Tuesday of Thanksgiving W@kmeeting on November 20th)

### **THANK YOU**

### Start With Previous Recommendations

# Academic Achievement Draft Problem Statements

1. In SCUSD, the SWD graduation rate

### Climate & Culture Draft Problem Statements

• According to the most recent data

## Prioritizing Problem Statements Culture & Climate

Step 1: Identify and go to the area with the Problem

# Potential PS Rationale Culture & Climate

 A child's early years set the trajectory for the relationships and successes they will experience for the rest of their lives, making it crucial that children's earliest experiences truly fosterned never harm—their development. As such, expulsion and suspension practices in early childhood settings, two stressful and negative experiences young children and their families may encounter in early childhood programs, should be prevented, severely limited, and eventually eliminated. Highuality early childhood programs provide the positive experiences that nurture positive learning and development.

# Prioritizing Problem Statements *Academic Achievement*

Step 1: Identify and go to the area with the Problem Statement that you believe should be the Task Force's highest priority.

Step 2: Discuss with your group and develop rationale for choosing this problem statement.

Step 3: Share your group's rationale with the larger group.

Step 4: After hearing all groups' rationale, make a final choice of the Problem Statement that warrants the 61.4 (cm)1.7t rio